# MOCK EXAM 2 MATHEMATICS Compulsory Part

## PAPER 2

 $(1\frac{1}{4} \text{ hours})$ 

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. Read carefully the instructions on the Answer Sheet.
- 2. When told to open this book, you should check that all the questions are there. Look for the words 'END OF PAPER' after the last question.
- 3. All questions carry equal marks.
- 4. **ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS**. You are advised to use an HB pencil to mark all the answers on the Answer Sheet, so that wrong marks can be completely erased with a clean rubber. You must mark the answers clearly; otherwise you will lose marks if the answers cannot be captured.
- 5. You should mark only **ONE** answer for each question. If you mark more than one answer, you will receive **NO MARKS** for that question.
- 6. No marks will be deducted for wrong answers.

There are 30 questions in Section A and 15 questions in Section B.

The diagrams in this paper are not necessarily drawn to scale.

Choose the best answer for each question.

#### **Section A**

$$1. \quad \frac{(3^n)(27^{2n})}{243^n} =$$

- A.
- $9^{n}$ . B.
- C.  $9^{-n}$ .
- $9^{-2n}$ . D.

2. 
$$25 - (3x - 4y)^2 =$$

- A. (5-3x-4y)(5+3x+4y).
- B. (5-3x-4y)(5+3x-4y).
- C. (5-3x+4y)(5+3x+4y).
- D. (5-3x+4y)(5+3x-4y).

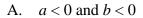
3. If 
$$\alpha$$
 and  $\beta$  are constants such that  $(x + \alpha)(x + 5) + 60 \equiv (x - 3)^2 + \beta$ , then  $\beta =$ 

- A. -1.
- B. <del>-4</del>.
- C. -5.
- -11D.

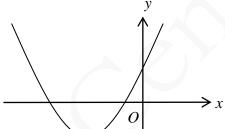
4. Let k be a constant such that 
$$9x^4 - k^2x^2 + 6x + 18$$
 is divisible by  $3x + k$ . Find k.

- -3.A.
- 3. B.
- C. 6.
- D. 9.

- 5. Let *k* be a constant. Solve the equation  $(2x + k)^2 = 9k^2$ .
  - A. x = k
  - B. x = 2k
  - C. x = -2k or x = k
  - D. x = -2k or x = 4k
- 6. The figure shows the graph of  $y = -a(x + b)^2$ , where a and b are constants. Which of the following is true?



- B. a < 0 and b > 0
- C. a > 0 and b < 0
- D. a > 0 and b > 0

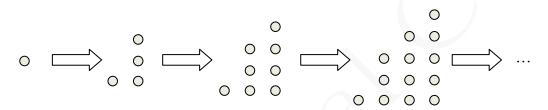


- 7. The solution of  $x \frac{3-x}{4} > 8$  or 2 < x 8 is
  - A. x > 7.
  - B. x > 8.
  - C. x > 9.
  - D. x > 10.
- 8. Shop *X* sells two digital cameras for \$4 950 each. The shop gains 10% on one and loses 10% on the other. After the two transactions, the shop
  - A. loses \$55.
  - B. loses \$100.
  - C. has no gain or no loss.
  - D. gains \$55.

- 9. In a school, 45% of students are boys. If 60% of the girls wear glasses and 70% of the boys wear glasses, then the percentage of students wearing glasses in the school is
  - A. 35.5%
  - B. 46.5%
  - C. 53.5%
  - D. 64.5%
- 10. It is given that  $\frac{2}{3a} = \frac{3}{5b} = \frac{5}{6c}$ , where a, b and c are positive numbers. Which of the following is true?
  - A. b < a < c
  - В. b < c < a
  - C. c < a < b
  - D. c < b < a
- 11. The height and base of a triangle are measured as 4.4 cm and 5.2 cm correct to the nearest 0.2 cm respectively. Let  $x ext{ cm}^2$  be the actual area of the triangle. Find the range of values of x.
  - A.  $10.965 < x \le 11.925$
  - $10.965 \le x < 11.925$ B.
  - C.  $11.34 < x \le 11.54$
  - D.  $11.34 \le x < 11.54$
- 12. The area of a park on a map is 50 cm<sup>2</sup>. If the actual area of the park is 0.08 km<sup>2</sup>, then the scale of the map is

- A. 1:1600.
- 1:3 200. B.
- C. 1:4000.
- 1:16 000 000. D.

- 13. It is given that z varies directly as x and inversely as  $\sqrt{y}$ . If x is decreased by 10% and y is increased by 44%, then z
  - A. is decreased by 25%.
  - B. is decreased by 34%.
  - C. is increased by 8%.
  - D. is increased by 34%.
- 14. In the figure, the 1st pattern consists of 1 dot. For any positive integer n, the (n + 1)th pattern is formed by adding n + 2 dots to the nth pattern. Find the number of dots in the 7th pattern.



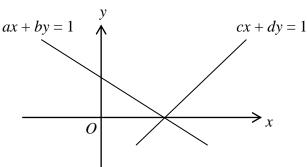
- A. 26
- B. 31
- C. 33
- D. 34
- 15. In the figure, the two straight lines intersect at a point on the positive *x*-axis. Which of the following are true?



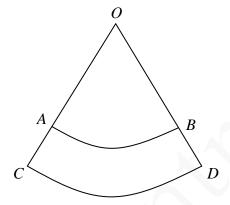
II. 
$$d > 0$$

III. 
$$a = c$$

- A. I and II only
- B. I and III only
- C. II and III only
- D. I, II and III



- 16. In the figure, *OAB* and *OCD* are sectors with centre *O*. If  $\widehat{AB} = \frac{3}{4} \widehat{CD}$  and AC = 4 cm, then  $OC = \frac{3}{4} \widehat{CD}$ 
  - 8 cm. A.
  - B. 12 cm.
  - C. 16 cm.
  - D. 20 cm.



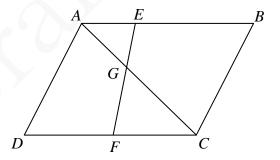
17. In the figure, ABCD is a parallelogram. E and F are points lying on AB and DC respectively such that AE: EB = 1: 2 and DF: FC = 1: 1. If the area of  $\triangle AGE$  is 4 cm<sup>2</sup>, then the area of quadrilateral ADFGis





 $18 \text{ cm}^2$ . C.

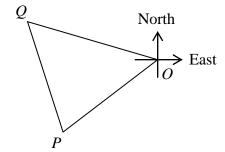
D.  $16 \,\mathrm{cm}^2$ .



18. The base of a solid right prism is a regular hexagon. If the height of the prism is  $2\sqrt{3}$  cm and its volume is 324 cm<sup>3</sup>, find the total surface area of the prism correct to the nearest cm<sup>2</sup>.

- $94 \text{ cm}^2$
- $218 \text{ cm}^2$ B.
- $312 \text{ cm}^2$ C.
- $405 \text{ cm}^2$ D.

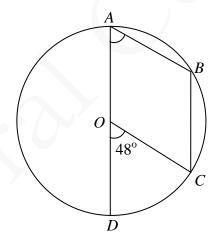
- 19. In the figure, the bearing of P from O is S40°W and the bearing of Q from O is N78°W. If O and Q are equidistant from P, then the bearing of Q from P is
  - A.  $N16^{\circ}W$ .
  - B. N19°W.
  - C.  $S16^{\circ}E$ .
  - S19°E. D.



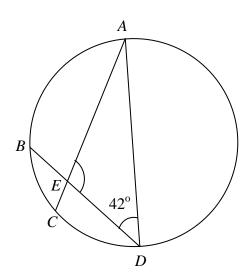
20. In the figure, O is the centre of the circle ABCD. AOD is a diameter of the circle. If AD // BC and

$$\angle COD = 48^{\circ}$$
, then  $\angle OAB =$ 

- 24°. A.
- B. 42°.
- C. 48°.
- D. 66°.



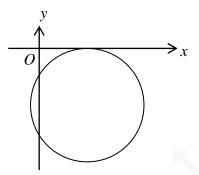
- 21. In the figure, AD is a diameter of the circle ABCD. If  $\widehat{BC}$ :  $\widehat{CD} = 1:2$  and  $\angle ADB = 42^{\circ}$ ,  $\angle AED =$ 
  - 84°. A.
  - 96°. В.
  - C. 106°.
  - 122°. D.



- 22. If an interior angle of a regular *n*-sided polygon is greater than an exterior angle by  $100^{\circ}$ , which of the following is/are true?
  - The value of n is 9. I.
  - II. The number of diagonals of the polygon is 9.
  - III. The number of folds of rotational symmetry of the polygon is 9.
    - I only A.
    - II only B.
    - C. I and III only
    - II and III only D.
- 23. If  $90^{\circ} < x < 180^{\circ}$ , which of the following must be true?
  - $\sin x \sin(90^{\circ} x) > 0$ I.
  - $\cos x + \cos(90^\circ x) < 0$ II.
  - III.  $\tan x \tan(90^\circ x) = 1$ 
    - A. I and II only
    - B. I and III only
    - C. II and III only
    - D. I, II and III
- 24. Find the constant k such that the straight lines 5x 4y + k = 0 and 20x + ky + 12 = 0 are perpendicular to each other.

- A. 25.
- 20. B.
- -20.C.
- -25.D.

- 25. In the figure, the radius of the circle and the coordinates of the centre are r and (h, k) respectively. Which of the following are true?
  - I. h + k < 0
  - II. r + h > 0
  - III. r + k = 0
    - A. I and II only
    - B. I and III only
    - C. II and III only
    - D. I, II and III



- 26.  $\star 7 \bullet \bullet$  is a 4-digit number, where  $\star$ ,  $\bullet$  and  $\bullet$  are integers from 0 to 9 inclusive. Find the probability that the 4-digit number is divisible by 5.
  - A.  $\frac{1}{5}$
  - B.  $\frac{11}{15}$
  - C.  $\frac{10}{333}$
  - D.  $\frac{29}{1000}$
- 27. Consider the following data:
  - 16
- 33
- 35
- 37
- 41
- 43
- a

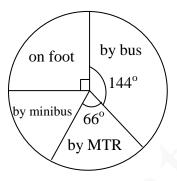
c

b

The range of the above data is larger than 30. If the median and the inter-quartile range of the above data are 36 and 6 respectively, then the mode of the above data is

- A. 16.
- B. 33.
- C. 35.
- D. 41.

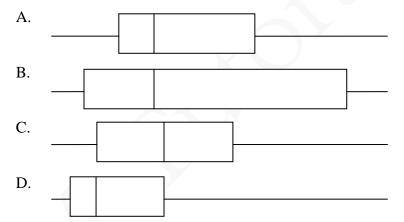
- 28. The pie chart below shows the distribution of transportation taken by students in a school. There are 360 students taking bus. Find the number of students taking minibus.
  - A. 60
  - B. 150
  - C. 165
  - D. 225



29. The stem-and-leaf diagram below shows the distribution of the number of monthly reading hours of a class of students.

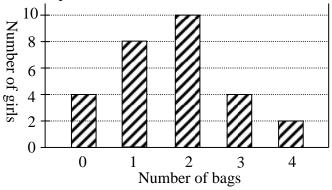
Stem (tens)	<u>Leaf (units)</u>						
0	6	6	7 2 1 2	8	9	9	
1	0	1	2	4	4	8	
2	0	1	1	2	2	3	8
3	0	2	2	3			
4	1	1	3	3	5	6	8

Which of the following box-and-whisker diagrams may represent the distribution of the reading hours?



30. The bar chart below shows the distribution of the number of bags owned by a group of girls. Find the standard deviation of the distribution correct to 2 decimal places.

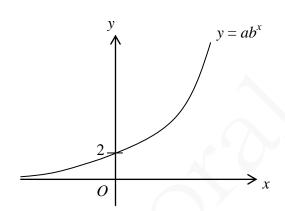
- A. 3.12
- B. 1.10
- C. 1.09
- D. 0.91



#### **Section B**

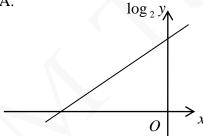
- 31. The H.C.F. and the L.C.M. of three expressions are 2xz and  $8x^2y^2z^3$  respectively. If the first expression and the second expression are  $2x^2yz$  and  $4x^2z^2$  respectively, then the third expression is
  - A. 2*xyz*.
  - B.  $8xyz^3$ .
  - C.  $2xy^2z$ .
  - D.  $8xy^2z^3$ .

32.

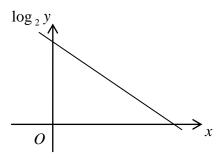


The figure above shows the graph of  $y = ab^x$ , where a and b are constants. Which of the following graphs may represent the relation between  $\log_2 y$  and x?

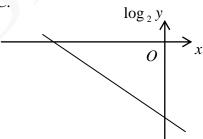
A.



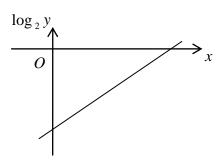
B.



C



D.



33. Which of the following is the greatest?

34. A0000D02016<sub>16</sub> =

A. 
$$11 \times 16^{10} + 14 \times 16^5 + 8214$$
.

B. 
$$10 \times 16^{10} + 13 \times 16^5 + 8214$$
.

C. 
$$11 \times 16^{11} + 14 \times 16^{6} + 131424$$
.

D. 
$$10 \times 16^{11} + 13 \times 16^{6} + 131424$$
.

35.  $i^5(5 - \beta i) =$ 

A. 
$$-\beta - 5i$$
.

B. 
$$-\beta + 5i$$
.

C. 
$$\beta + 5i$$
.

D. 
$$\beta - 5i$$
.

36. If  $\alpha \neq \beta$  and  $\begin{cases} 7\alpha = \alpha^2 + 6 \\ 7\beta = \beta^2 + 6 \end{cases}$ , then  $\frac{1}{\alpha} + \frac{1}{\beta} = \frac{1}{\beta}$ 

A. 
$$\frac{7}{6}$$
.

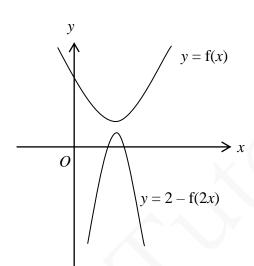
B. 
$$-\frac{7}{6}$$

C. 
$$\frac{6}{7}$$

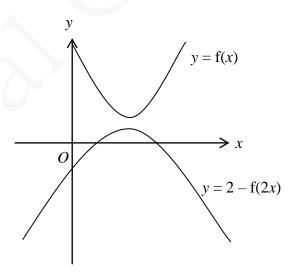
D. 
$$-\frac{6}{7}$$
.

- 37. If m > 1, which of the following are geometric sequences?
  - I.  $1.1m^2$ ,  $2.2m^4$ ,  $4.4m^6$ ,  $8.8m^8$
  - II.  $3^m, 3^{4m}, 3^{7m}, 3^{10m}$
  - III.  $\log 2m$ ,  $\log 4m$ ,  $\log 8m$ ,  $\log 16m$ 
    - A. I and II only
    - B. I and III only
    - C. II and III only
    - D. I, II and III
- 38. Which of the following may represent the graph of y = f(x) and the graph of y = 2 f(2x) on the same rectangular coordinate system?

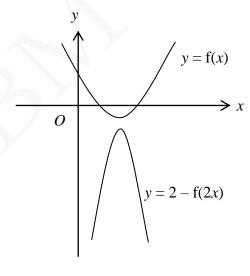
A.



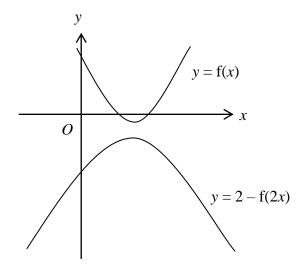
B.



C.



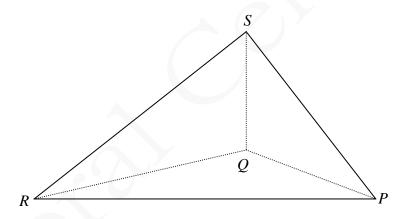
D.



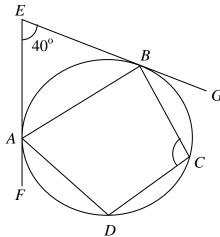
- 39. For  $0^{\circ} < \theta \le 360^{\circ}$ , how many roots does the equation  $3\sin^2\theta 5\sin\theta + 2 = 0$  have?
  - A. 6
  - B. 5
  - C. 4
  - D. 3
- 40. If the figure, the base PQR of the tetrahedron PQRS lies on the horizontal ground. It is given that Q is vertically below S. If  $\angle PQR = 90^{\circ}$ ,  $\angle QPS = 45^{\circ}$  and  $\angle QRS = 30^{\circ}$ , then  $\cos \angle PRS = 30^{\circ}$



- B.  $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}$ .
- D.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .



- 41. In the figure, EF and EG are the tangents to the circle ABCD at A and B respectively. If  $\angle AEB = 40^{\circ}$ and AB = AD, then  $\angle BCD =$ 
  - 70°. A.
  - 90°. B.
  - C. 110°.
  - 140°. D.



- 42. If the straight line x + y = k intersects with the circle  $x^2 + y^2 4ky + 2 = 0$  at A and B, then the y-coordinate of the mid-point of AB is
  - A. -3k.
  - B. 3*k*.
  - C.  $-\frac{3k}{2}$ .
  - D.  $\frac{3k}{2}$ .
- 43. A queue is formed by 3 girls and 6 boys. If no girls are next to each other, how many different queues can be formed?
  - A. 60 480
  - B. 75 600
  - C. 151 200
  - D. 362 880
- 44. A bag contains 1 red ball, 2 yellow balls and 3 blue balls. Peter repeats drawing one ball at a time randomly from the bag without replacement until a blue ball is drawn. Find the probability that he needs no more than three draws.
  - A.  $\frac{3}{20}$
  - B.  $\frac{1}{2}$
  - C.  $\frac{4}{5}$
  - D.  $\frac{19}{20}$
- 45. If the variance of the six numbers  $x_1$ ,  $x_2$ ,  $x_3$ ,  $x_4$ ,  $x_5$  and  $x_6$  is 6, then the variance of the six numbers

$$10 - 2x_1$$
,  $10 - 2x_2$ ,  $10 - 2x_3$ ,  $10 - 2x_4$ ,  $10 - 2x_5$  and  $10 - 2x_6$  is

- A. 12.
- B. 22.
- C. 24.
- D. 34.

#### **END OF PAPER**